U.S. President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief







President George W. Bush's
Emergency Plan for AIDS
Relief is the largest commitment
ever by any nation for an
international health
intiative dedicated to
a single disease -- a
five-year, \$15 billion,
multifaceted approach to
combating the disease in
more than 120 countries
around the world.

U.S. Department of State

U.S. Agency for International Development

> U.S. Department of Defense

> U.S. Department of Commerce

U.S. Department of Labor

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Peace Corps

Mailing address: SA-29, 2nd Floor 2201 C Street, NW Washington, DC 20522-2920 www.PEPFAR.gov

TURNING THE TIDE AGAINST HIV/AIDS

"There are only two possible responses to suffering on this scale. We can turn our eyes away in resignation and despair, or we can take decisive, historic action to turn the tide against this disease...."

-President George W. Bush

President George W. Bush has made fighting the international HIV/AIDS pandemic a U.S. priority. The U.S. President's Emergency Plan for AIDS (Emergency Plan/PEPFAR) is the largest commitment ever by a single nation toward an international health initiative — a 5-year, \$15 billion, multifaceted approach to combating the disease in more than 120 countries around the world. The strategy places a special emphasis on 15 focus nations in Africa, the Caribbean, and Asia that represent approximately half of the world's infections.

Through the Emergency Plan, we are working with our partners in-country and supporting national strategies to promote sustainable, integrated prevention, care and treatment programs.

THE GOALS

Across the world, we will:

- Encourage bold leadership at every level to fight HIV/AIDS;
- Apply best practices within our bilateral programs in concert with host governments' national HIV/AIDS strategies; and
- Encourage all partners to coordinate, adhere to sound management practices and harmonize monitoring and evaluation efforts.

In the focus countries, we will:

- Support treatment for 2 million HIVinfected people;
- Support prevention of 7 million new HIV infections; and
- Support care for 10 million people infected and affected by HIV/AIDS, including orphans and vulnerable children.

U.S. COMMITMENT

In over 120 countries, we will:

- Focus \$9 billion in new resources in 15 of the most afflicted countries in the world;
- Devote \$5 billion to ongoing bilateral programs;
- Increase our pledge to the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis, and Malaria by \$1 billion over 5 years; and
- Amplify the worldwide response to HIV/ AIDS through international partners.

U.S. LEADERSHIP

- U.S. contributions to the global AIDS emergency continue to be greater than those of all other donor governments combined.
- The U.S. leads the world in its support of the Global Fund. By the end of 2006, the U.S. will already have doubled President Bush's initial pledge, bringing the U.S. aggregate contribution to the Fund to over \$2 billion far more than any other nation. The U.S. is working with the Fund to fulfill its potential as a vehicle for other nations to dramatically increase their commitment to global HIV/AIDS, as America has done.



FOCUS COUNTRIES:

Botswana
Cote d'Ivoire
Ethiopia
Guyana
Haiti
Kenya
Mozambique
Namibia
Nigeria
Rwanda
South Africa
Tanzania
Uganda
Vietnam
Zambia